PE Progression Table



	EYFS	Key Stage 1		Key Stage 2				
				Willow	Ве	eech	Oak	
	Reception Maple	Year 1 Holly	Year 2 Elm	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
FMS	Start to perform fundamental skills at an emerging level Travelling skills- Running fast Hopping on both feet Sending skills — Roll a ball underarm Underarm throw Overarm throw Bounce a ball Receiving skills Catch a large ball	Perform fundamental movement skills at a developing level Travelling skills- Running fast Hopping on both feet Skipping Side galloping Sending skills — Roll a ball underarm Underarm throw Overarm throw Bounce a ball Receiving skills Catch a large ball	Perform fundamental movement skills at a developing level and start to master basic movements; Travelling skills-Running fast Dodging Hopping on both feet Skipping Side galloping Sending skills — Roll a ball underarm Underarm throw Overarm throw Bounce a ball Strike a ball off a tee Strike with a drop feed Receiving skills Catch a large ball	Master fundamental skills and start to develop sport specific skills and perform them with some accuracy.	Master fundamental movement skills and stat to develop sport specific skills performing them with consistency and accuracy.	Continue to develop sp specific skills and perform w consistency, accura confidence and control.	ith skills and perform with consistency,	
Games	Runs skilfully and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles. Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles.	To use simple tactics to outwit an opponent Pretend to throw one way then throw the other. Look one way and roll the ball the other. To throw away from the cones.	To move into space to receive a ball. To pass a ball to a player in the space. To throw the ball into space away from the opponent. To strike the ball away from cones/fielders.	Develop sport specific skills Chest pass, bounce pass, swing pass, one handed pass, catching a ball. To know to move into a space to receive a ball. To pass to a ball to a player in space when playing an invasion game.	Develop sport specific skills Chest pass, bounce pass, swing pass, one handed pass, dribbling a ball, catching a ball, shooting a ball. To know to move into a space to receive a ball. To feint or disguise a pas a ball to outwit a defender.	pass, one handed pass, dribbling a ball, catching a ba shooting a ball, catching a ba kicking a ball, (hockey) push pass dribbling, receiving a pa shooting	pass, one handed pass, dribbling a ball, catching a ball, shooting a ball, catching a ball, kicking a ball, (hockey) push pass dribbling, receiving a pass, shooting Attacking skills - To use a range of passes. To pass ahead of supporting players. To get away from a defender to receive a pass. To send the ball wide and/or deep to supporting players. Defending skills - to close down	
Dance	Uses movement to express feelings. Creates movement in response to music Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences.	Create and link simple combinations of 2 or 3 actions to create a sequence. Choose appropriate movements for different ideas and repeat short dance phrases. Copy and explore basic body actions TRAVEL, TURN, JUMP, GESTURE, STILLNESS	Create and link simple combinations of 3 or 4 actions to create a sequence. Link body actions and remember and repeat dance phrases. Copy and explore basic body actions TRAVEL, TURN, JUMP, GESTURE, STILLNESS	Create and perform sequences of actions (4-6) smoothly. Share and create dance phrases with a partner and in a small group; repeat, remember and perform these phrases in a dance.	Create and perform sequences of actions (6) with control and precision. Use simple motifs and movement patterns to structure dance phrases on their own and with a partner.	sequences of actions (6-8) was a partner. Compose motifs and p	sequences of actions (8-10) with a partner that show an awareness of their audience.	

PE Progression Table



	T	T	Mama and advisor at	T	1	T	Ι
			Vary speed, strength, energy and tension of movements.				
Gymnastics	Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping. Mounts stairs, steps or climbing equipment using alternate feet. Can stand momentarily on one foot when shown. Jumps off an object and lands appropriately. Travels with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment.	Create and link simple combinations of 2 or 3 actions to create a sequence. Shape – Wide, thin Travelling – feet – jog, skip, gallop, hop, walk forwards, backwards. Travelling – hands and feet – frog, caterpillar, bunny, crab, bear, crocodile, monkey Balancing – front support, balance on 4 & 3 points, large body parts – tummy, back, bottom, shoulders. Jumping and landing – 2 to 2 for height. Rolling – rock and roll, pencil, egg roll Apparatus work	Create and link simple combinations of 3 or 4 actions to create a sequence. Shape – Wide, thin, dish, arch, tuck Travelling – feet – jog, skip, gallop, hop, walk forwards, backwards. Travelling – hands and feet – frog, caterpillar, bunny, crab, bear, crocodile, monkey Balancing – front support, balance on 4 & 3 points, large body parts – tummy, back, bottom, shoulders. Jumping and landing Rolling – rock and roll, pencil, egg roll, dish roll, teddy roll, forward roll. Apparatus work	Create and perform sequences of actions (4-6) smoothly. Travelling – feet – jog, skip, gallop, hop, walk forwards, backwards. Travelling – hands and feet – frog, caterpillar, bunny, crab, bear, crocodile, monkey Balancing – small body parts – one-foot balance, arabesque, square bridge, bridge, hands and feet. Jumps – Straight, straddle, pike, tuck Rolling – rock and roll, pencil, egg roll, dish roll, teddy roll, forward roll. Apparatus	Create and perform sequences of actions (6) with control and precision. Travelling – feet – jog, skip, gallop, hop, walk forwards, backwards, side gallop, walk on tiptoes. Travelling – hands and feet – frog, caterpillar, bunny, crab, bear, crocodile, monkey Balancing – small body parts – one-foot balance, arabesque, square bridge, bridge, front support, back support, hands and feet. Large body parts – V sit, dish, arch, shoulder stand. Jumps – Straight, straddle, pike, tuck, 1/2 turn, full turn Rolling – rock and roll, pencil, egg roll, dish roll, teddy roll, forward roll.	Create and Perform longer sequences of actions (6-8) with a partner. Travelling – feet – jog, skip, gallop, hop, walk forwards, backwards, chasse Travelling – hands and feet – frog, caterpillar, bunny, crab, bear, crocodile, monkey Balancing – small body parts – one-foot balance, arabesque, square bridge, bridge, front support, back support, hands and feet. Large body parts – V sit, dish, arch, shoulder stand. Balance with a partner – counter balance, counter tension. Jumps – Straight, straddle, pike, tuck, 1/2 turn, full turn Rolling – rock and roll, pencil, egg roll, dish roll, teddy roll, forward roll.	Create and perform longer sequences of actions (8-10) with a partner that show an awareness of their audience. Travelling – feet – jog, skip, gallop, hop, walk forwards, backwards, chasse Travelling – hands and feet – frog, caterpillar, bunny, crab, bear, crocodile, monkey Balancing – small body parts – one-foot balance, arabesque, square bridge, bridge, front support, back support, hands and feet. Large body parts – V sit, dish, arch, shoulder stand. Balance with a partner and small group – counter balance, counter tension. Jumps – Straight, straddle, pike, tuck, 1/2 turn, full turn Rolling – rock and roll, pencil, egg roll, dish roll, teddy roll, forward roll.
OAA				Orientate a map. Use a control card. Navigate a course safely.	Travel and balance safely when carrying out challenges. Demonstrate team work skills during planning, doing and reviewing.	Know how to keep the map set or orientates when they move around a simple course. Know the eight points of a compass. Record information accurately at the control marker. Navigate to a control marker on a score event course.	To set a map using a compass. To practice and refine thumbing the set map (orientated) To set a direction of travel from the map, using a compass. To follow instructions in order to complete an orienteering course.

PE Progression Table



Striking and		Strike a ball off a tee.	Strike a ball off a tee	Bowl underarm.	Bowl underarm.	Bowl underarm.	Bowl overarm.
Fielding		Look for space to throw, hit or run into help tem score.	Strike with a drop feed	Strike a ball off a tee.	Perform a straight drive.	Strike a ball off a tee.	Strike a bowled ball.
		Understand why they need to throw or	Look for space to throw, hit or run into help tem score.	Catch a ball.	Catch a ball.	Strike bowled bowl.	Field a ball and throw back overarm.
		hit into space. Use a feint to try and win a game.	Understand why they need to throw or hit into space.	Field a ball and return it quickly.	Field a ball and return it quickly.	Field a ball and throw back overarm.	
			Understand the concept of aiming and the need for accuracy.				
			Throw or hit an object into a space to make it more difficult for their opponents.				
			Use a feint to try and win a game.				
Net and Wall		Look for space to throw, hit or run into help tem score.	Look for space to throw, hit or run into help tem score.	Ready Position.	Ready Position.	Throwing a ball.	Throwing a ball.
		Understand why they need to throw or	Understand why they need to	Underarm throw.	Underarm throw.	Hold a racket correctly.	Forehand.
		hit into space.	throw or hit into space.	Overarm throw.	Overarm throw.	Forehand.	Backhand.
		Use a feint to try and win a game.	Understand the concept of aiming and the need for	Hold a racket.	Hold a racket.	Backhand.	Volley.
			accuracy.	Strike a ball with a racket.	Strike a ball with a racket.	Volley.	Underarm serve.
			Throw or hit an object into a space to make it more difficult for their opponents.				
			Use a feint to try and win a game.				
Athletics	Start to perform fundamental skills at an emerging level Travelling skills- Running fast	Perform FMS at a developing level. Running Hopping Rolling a ball	Perform FMS at a developing level and start to master some basic skills. Running	Master FMS skills and start to develop athletic specific skills performing them with consistency and accuracy.	Master FMS skills and start to develop athletic specific skills performing them with consistency and accuracy.	Continue to develop athletic specific skills and perform them with consistency, accuracy, confidence, control and speed.	Continue to develop athletic specific skills and perform them with consistency, accuracy, confidence, control and speed.
	Sending skills – Roll a ball underarm Underarm throw Overarm throw	Underarm throw Jumping	Underarm throw Overarm throw Push throw Jumping for distance	Throwing – push, pull and sling Hop, step and jump	Throwing – push, pull and sling Hop, step and jump	Throwing — push, pull, sling, heave Jumping — standing long jump and triple jump. Running short and long distance.	Throwing – push, pull, sling, heave Jumping – standing long jump and triple jump. Running short and long distance. Passing a baton in a relay.
	Runs skilfully and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles.					Passing a baton in a relay.	
	Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles.						





Swimming Beginners (Non-swimmers and developing swimmers)	Swimming (Developing and competent swimmers)
Children will learn how to swim between 10-20 metres unaided in shallow water, using their arms and legs to propel themselves. They will use one basic method to swim the distance, making sure they breathe. They will start by using floats, swim over longer distances and periods of time with a more controlled leg kick. They will explore freely how to move in and under water, recognise the affects their temperature and identify and describe the difference between leg and arm actions.	The children will learn to swim between 50 and 100 metres and keep swimming or 45 to 90 seconds; use three different strokes (front crawl, back stroke and breast stroke), swimming on their front and back. They will control their breathing and swim confidently and fluently on the surface and under water. Children should know the dangers of water locally and nationally. Learn how and why to use appropriate survival and self-rescue skills if they fall in by accident, or get into difficulty and know what to do if others get into trouble in the water.